



Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300
Poison Center: (800) 562-8236
Revision Date: January 8th, 2019

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Identity: Bismuth Oxide

Formula: Bi₂O₃

SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION

Manufacturer: Super Conductor Materials, Inc.

The information below is believed to be accurate and represents the best information available to Super Conductor Materials, Inc. However, SCM makes no warranty, expressed or implied with respect to such information and assumes no liability resulting from its use.

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/IDENTITY INFORMATION

Molecular weight: 465.96

CAS #	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	%
1304-76-3	N/A	N/A	100.0%

SECTION III – PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Physical States: Solid

Boiling Point: 8190.00°C	Vapor Pressure (vs. air or mmHg): N/A
Melting Point: 817.00°C	Specific Gravity(H ₂ O=1): 8.9 gm/cc
Evaporation Rate: N/A	Flash Point: N/A
Solubility in water: Insoluble/ soluble in HCL & HNO ₃	

Appearance and odor: Heavy yellow powder and pieces, no odor.

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA:

Method Used: Unknown
Explosive Limits: LEL: N/A UEL: N/A
Extinguishing Media: Use suitable extinguishing media for surrounding materials and type of fire.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Firefighters must wear full face, self-contained breathing apparatus with full protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Fumes from fire are hazardous. Isolate runoff to prevent environmental pollution.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Bismuth oxide may emit toxic fumes if involved in a fire.



SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable

Conditions to Avoid (stability): None

Incompatibility: Chlorine trifluoride, potassium, sodium

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts: Bismuth, oxides of bismuth

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Conditions to avoid (hazardous polymerization): None

SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Route of entry: Inhalation? Yes Ingestion? Yes Eyes? Yes Skin? Yes Other? No

To the best of our knowledge the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of bismuth oxide have not been thoroughly investigated.

Bismuth and its salts can cause kidney damage, although the degree of such damage is usually mild. Large doses can be fatal. Industrially, it is considered be one of the less toxic of the heavy metals. Serious and sometimes fatal poisoning may occur from the injection of large doses into closed cavities and from extensive application to burns. It is stated that the administration of bismuth should be stopped with gingivitis appears, for otherwise serious ulceration stomatitis is likely to result. (Sax, Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, eighth edition).

Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure:

Inhalation: May cause redness coughing and dry throat.

Ingestion: May cause diarrhea, bodily discomfort, albumin or other protein substances in urine and skin disorders.

Skin: May cause redness and itching.

Eye: May cause redness, itching, burning and watering.

Inhalation:

Acute: May be a nuisance dust causing respiratory irritation.

Chronic: No chronic health effects recorded.

Ingestion:

Acute: No acute health effects recorded.

Chronic: Bismuth compounds may cause mild kidney damage and ulcerative stomatitis.

Skin:

Acute: May cause irritation.

Chronic: May cause dermatitis.

Eye:

Acute: May cause irritation.

Chronic: No chronic health effects recorded.

Target Organs: May affect the kidneys.

Carcinogenicity: NTP? No

IARC Monographs? No

OSHA Regulated? No



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Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Pre-existing skin and respiratory disorders.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

- Inhalation:* Remove victim to fresh air, keep warm and quiet, and give oxygen if breathing is difficult; seek medical attention
- Ingestion:* Give 1-2 glasses of milk or water and induce vomiting, seek medical attention. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person
- Skin:* Remove contaminated clothing, brush material off skin, wash affected area with mild soap and water, and seek medical attention if symptoms persist
- Eye:* Flush eyes with lukewarm water, lifting upper and lower eyelids for at least 15 minutes and seek medical attention

SECTION VII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled:

Wear appropriate respiratory and protective equipment specified in section VIII. Isolate spill area, provide ventilation and extinguish sources of ignition. Vacuum up spill using a high efficiency particulate absolute (HEPA) air filter and place in a closed container for proper disposal. Take care not to raise dust.

Waste disposal method:

Dispose of in accordance with state, local, and federal regulations.

Hazard Label Information:

Store in cool, dry area and in tightly sealed container. Wash thoroughly after handling.

SECTION VIII - CONTROL MEASURES

Protective Equipment Summary (Hazard Label Information):

NIOSH approved respirator, impervious gloves, safety glasses, clothes to prevent contact.

Ventilation:

- Local Exhaust: To maintain concentration at low exposure levels.
- Mechanical (General): Recommended.

Work/Hygienic/Maintenance Practices:

Implement engineering and work practice controls to reduce and maintain concentration of exposure at low levels. Use good housekeeping and sanitation practices. Do not use tobacco or food in work area. Wash thoroughly before eating or smoking. Do not blow dust off clothing or skin with compressed air.

Please be advised that N/A can either mean Not Applicable or No Data Has Been Established